Question	Answer	Acceptable answers	Mark
Number			
1 (a) (i)	8 – 0 (m/s)	8	(1)

Question Number	Answer		Acceptable answers	Mark
1(a)(ii)	substitution 8 / 5	(1)	ecf from (i)	
	evaluation 1.6 (m/s ²)	(1)	full marks for correct answer (or ecf) with no working shown.	(2)

Question Number	Answer	Acceptable answers	Mark
1(a)(iii)	0	Nil / nothing / zero / none (no mark for no response)	(1)

Question Number	Answer		Acceptable answers	Mark
1(b)	substitution F = 1200 x 0.8 evaluation 960 (N)	(1) (1)	full marks for correct answer with no working shown.	(2)

Questio	n	Indicative Content	Mark
Number	-		
QWC	*)	 an explanation linking some of the following points: compared to a car with just the driver, a fully loaded car will have a greater mass / be heavier greater kinetic energy / momentum experience the same braking force (when brakes are applied) require a greater braking force (than available) to stop (in the same distance) have a smaller acceleration / deceleration 	
		• take a longer time to come to rest (from given speed)	
		Iravel greater distance in this time needs to do more work with some amount of force	
		 needs to do more work with same amount of force use of relevant equations such as E – ma, work done 	
		• use of relevant equations such as $T = Ha$, work done - Ex.d	(6)
		 consequence of driver distractions 	
Level	0	No rewardable content	
1	1 - 2	a limited explanation using one idea from the indicative content	
		eg fully loaded car is heavier.	
		in answer communicates ideas using simple language and uses limited scientific terminology	
		limited scientific terminology	
		 spening, punctuation and grammar are used with limited accuracy 	
2	3 - 4	 a simple explanation which links ideas from the indicative 	content
£	J - T	eq it is heavier and so it takes a longer distance to stop	Content
		 the answer communicates ideas showing some evidence of 	f claritv
		and organisation and uses scientific terminology appropria	tely
		 spelling, punctuation and grammar are used with some accuracy 	
3	5 - 6	a detailed explanation which links several ideas from the	_
		indicative content e.g. It has more momentum and so it w	ill take
		a longer time to stop. This means that it will travel a furthe	er
		distance. The answer communicates ideas clearly and cohe	erently
		uses a range of scientific terminology accurately	
		 spelling, punctuation and grammar are used with few error 	rs

Answer	Acceptable answers	Mark
Description including 3 of the following:		(3)
 (Gravitational) potential energy (transferred) to KE(1) 	(G)PE (transferred) to KE Allow gravitational energy for GPE	
 Idea of energy transfer to heat/sound whilst descending (1) 	Energy transferred to heat because of air resistance/ friction	
 Chemical energy is transferred to heat energy in Andrew (1) 		
 Idea of energy dissipated on stopping (1) 	The energy goes to heat as he stops. Energy is transferred to the surroundings	
	 Answer Description including 3 of the following: (Gravitational) potential energy (transferred) to KE(1) Idea of energy transfer to heat/sound whilst descending (1) Chemical energy is transferred to heat energy in Andrew (1) Idea of energy dissipated on stopping (1) 	AnswerAcceptable answersDescription including 3 of the following:(G)PE (transferred) to KE Allow gravitational energy for GPE• (Gravitational) potential energy (transferred) to KE(1)(G)PE (transferred) to KE Allow gravitational energy for GPE• Idea of energy transfer to heat/sound whilst descending (1)(G)PE (transferred) to KE Allow gravitational energy for GPE• Chemical energy is transferred to heat energy in Andrew (1)Energy transferred to heat because of air resistance/ friction• Idea of energy dissipated on stopping (1)The energy goes to heat as he stops. Energy is transferred to the surroundings

Question Number	Answer	Acceptable answers	Mark
2(b)(i)	substitution (1) 67 × 31		(2)
	evaluation (1) 2077 (kg m/s)	2080, 2100 working backwards using 2000 (v=) 29.85, 30 (m=) 64.52, 65 67 X 31=2000 scores only one mark	

Question Number	Answer	Acceptable answers	Mark
2(b)(ii)	substitution (1) 2000 ÷ 2.3 evaluation (1)	answer to (b)(i)) ÷ 2.3	(2)
	870 (N)	900, 869.6, 869.5 903	

Question Number	Answer	Acceptable answers	Mark
2(b)(iii)	an explanation linking two of the following		(2)
	 Force on Andrew is quite small (1) 	force is reduced/ less /not as strong	
	 Because impact time is long (1) The acceleration/deceleration is quite small (1) 	slows down/changes momentum gradually acceleration = 1.35 'g' or 13.5 m/s ²	
	 Because impact distance is far (1) 	slows down (rate of) change of momentum scores 2 marks	

Total question 2 = 8 marks

Question	Answer	Acceptable answers	Mark
Number			
3 (a)(i)	D 23 m		(1)

Question Number	Answer	Acceptable answers	Mark
3 (a)(ii)	A the driver is tired		(1)

Question Number	Answer	Acceptable answers	Mark
3(b)	substitution (1) 800 x 3 evaluation (1) 2400 (kg m/s)	Give full marks for correct numerical answer, even if no working bald 2.4 x 10 ⁿ gains 1 mark (BOD for correct substitution) eg bald 240 = 1 mark In all calculations if the candidate gives two different methods and writes the wrong answer in the answer space award no marks If the candidate writes correct answer they will gain full marks.	(2)

Question Number	Answer	Acceptable answers	Mark
3(c)(i)	substitution (1) 600 x 15 evaluation (1) 9000 (J)	bald 9.0 x 10 ⁿ gains 1 mark eg bald 900 = 1 mark (BOD for correct substitution)	(2)
		give full marks for correct numerical answer, 9000 (J) even if no working	

Question Number	Answer	Acceptable answers	Mark
3 (c)(ii)	A the energy transferred		(1)